

INSPECTIONS AND APPEALS DEPARTMENT[481]

Regulatory Analysis

Notice of Intended Action to be published: 481—Chapter 100
“General Provisions for Social and Charitable Gambling”

Iowa Code section(s) or chapter(s) authorizing rulemaking: 99B.2
State or federal law(s) implemented by the rulemaking: Iowa Code chapter 99B and 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2506

Public Hearing

A public hearing at which persons may present their views orally or in writing will be held as follows:

June 17, 2026
9 a.m.

Ledges Conference Room
6200 Park Avenue, Suite 100
Des Moines, Iowa

Information on virtual participation will be available on the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing’s website prior to the hearing.

Public Comment

Any interested person may submit written comments concerning this Regulatory Analysis, which must be received by the Department no later than 4:30 p.m. on the date of the public hearing. Comments should be directed to:

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Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing
6200 Park Avenue, Suite 100
Des Moines, Iowa 50321
Phone: 515.672.4929
Email: amy.oetken@dia.iowa.gov

Purpose and Summary

This rulemaking implements 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2506. This allows for organizations conducting social and charitable gambling events to notify a prize winner within one year of the prize being awarded.

Analysis of Impact

1. **Persons affected by the proposed rulemaking:**
 - **Classes of persons that will bear the costs of the proposed rulemaking:**
There are no anticipated costs related to this rulemaking.
 - **Classes of persons that will benefit from the proposed rulemaking:**
The members of the industry will benefit from having more raffle options.
2. **Impact of the proposed rulemaking, economic or otherwise, including the nature and amount of all the different kinds of costs that would be incurred:**
 - **Quantitative description of impact:**
The members of the industry will have more options when distributing prizes.

- **Qualitative description of impact:**

The proposed rulemaking allows more flexibility when distributing prizes to ensure the maximum number of people have the ability to win a prize.

3. **Costs to the State:**

- **Implementation and enforcement costs borne by the agency or any other agency:**

There is no anticipated effect on agency costs.

- **Anticipated effect on State revenues:**

There is no anticipated effect on State revenues.

4. **Comparison of the costs and benefits of the proposed rulemaking to the costs and benefits of inaction:**

There are no specific financial costs to implement or enforce this proposed rulemaking outside of any costs associated with the Department's statutory duties identified.

5. **Determination whether less costly methods or less intrusive methods exist for achieving the purpose of the proposed rulemaking:**

There are no less costly or intrusive methods for achieving the purpose of the proposed rulemaking.

6. **Alternative methods considered by the agency:**

- **Description of any alternative methods that were seriously considered by the agency:**

See response to question 5 above.

- **Reasons why alternative methods were rejected in favor of the proposed rulemaking:**

See response to question 5 above.

Small Business Impact

If the rulemaking will have a substantial impact on small business, include a discussion of whether it would be feasible and practicable to do any of the following to reduce the impact of the rulemaking on small business:

- Establish less stringent compliance or reporting requirements in the rulemaking for small business.

- Establish less stringent schedules or deadlines in the rulemaking for compliance or reporting requirements for small business.

- Consolidate or simplify the rulemaking's compliance or reporting requirements for small business.

- Establish performance standards to replace design or operational standards in the rulemaking for small business.

- Exempt small business from any or all requirements of the rulemaking.

If legal and feasible, how does the rulemaking use a method discussed above to reduce the substantial impact on small business?

Iowa Code chapter 99B does not allow for exemptions or different standards for small businesses or organizations.

Text of Proposed Rulemaking

ITEM 1. Rescind subrule 100.10(1) and adopt the following **new** subrule in lieu thereof:

100.10(1) A copy of the rules for a raffle shall be available upon request and include the following:

a. Methods of awarding a prize, including the date the prize is won;

b. Prices to play, including discounts; and

c. Whether a sufficient number of entries must be sold in order for the raffle to occur, or if an alternate prize is offered when sales of entries are insufficient.

ITEM 2. Rescind subrule 100.16(4) and adopt the following **new** subrule in lieu thereof:

100.16(4) *Winners.* The drawing of the winning entry shall be done in a manner that allows the purchasers to observe the drawing.

a. The raffle shall clearly describe the date the prize will be considered to be won. If no specific winning date is specified, the prize will be considered to be won on the date of the drawing.

b. The date by which the prize shall be claimed will be no fewer than 14 days following the notification of the winner.

c. Notification will be considered to be as soon as practical so long as it is within one year of the prize being awarded.

d. If the prize is not claimed, the licensed QO may do one of the following:

(1) Continue to draw until a winner claims the prize. Each drawing will allow the time period specified in paragraph 100.16(4)“*b*” for claiming the prize.

(2) Donate the unclaimed prize to another QO to be used for an educational, civic, public, charitable, patriotic, or religious use.